### JOURNÉE THÉMATIQUE "CALCUL DES VARIATIONS"

FRUMAM, MARSEILLE - 16/12/2011

## Schedule

09:30 - 10:20	Filippo Santambrogio
10:20 - 10:40	Coffee break
10:40 — 11:30	Yannick Sire
12:00-14:00	Lunch time
14:00 — 14:50	Adrien Blanchet
14:50 - 15:10	Break
15:10 - 16:00	Guido De Philippis

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# Talks: titles and abstracts

Adrien Blanchet (Université Toulouse 1) Urban equilibria

**Abstract:** We consider an economic equilibrium problem for a population density in a spatial economy, where the utility of the agents depends on social interactions with the other agents, the cost to access them, and the cost of land. We perform a rigorous mathematical analysis of the equilibrium condition, by providing a variational characterisation when the geographical space is a convex domain, and classifying all the possible equilibria arising on a circle. The mathematical tools for the analysis of the convex case involve the theory of optimal transport, while the circle case is mainly handled by ordinary differential equation techniques.

> GUIDO DE PHILIPPIS (Scuola Normale Superiore di Pisa) Stability for the Plateau problem

**Abstract:** The classical Plateau problem concerns finding the surface of minimal area spanning a given boundary. A question which naturally arises is the following: if a surface

has area very close to the one of a minimum how close is it to the surface realizing the minimum? I will show as for smooth minimizers a natural global stability inequality is equivalent to its infinitesimal countepart. Finally using a "quantitative" calibration argument, I will extend this stability inequality to Simons cones, the first example of singular surfaces minimizing the area functional (joint work with Francesco Maggi).

### FILIPPO SANTAMBROGIO (Université Paris-Sud) Asymptotical problems in optimal location: classical and new results

Abstract: The classical location problem (also known as Fermat-Weber problem) consists in looking for the set  $\Sigma$  which optimizes  $\int d(x, \Sigma) d\mu(x)$  among all possible sets with a bound on the number of points  $\#\Sigma \leq N$ , the measure  $\mu$  being fixed and standing, for instance, for the population density in a region where we need to install facilities.  $\Sigma$  stands in this case for the location of these facilities. A typical asymptotical question is to find the limit density of the points of  $\Sigma$  when  $N \to \infty$ . We will review the existing results on this question, which all deal with the case  $\mu \geq 0$ , and discuss and interpret the case where  $\mu$  may be a signed measure, according to a recent joint paper with Giuseppe Buttazzo and Eugene Stepanov.

#### YANNICK SIRE (Université Aix–Marseille III) Nonlinear problems with integral diffusion

Astract: In this talk, I would like to describe several recent results about non linear elliptic PDEs involving integral diffusion.